

**UPDATED STANDARDIZED CATCH RATES FOR BLUEFIN
TUNA (*Thunnus thynnus*) FROM THE TRAP FISHERY IN THE
STRAITS OF GIBRALTAR**

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SUMMARY

A General Linear Modeling (GLM) approach to analysis of variance was used to examine bluefin tuna catch rates from the Spanish trap fishery in the Straits of Gibraltar. Standardized catch rates for bluefin tuna were updated for the period 1981- 2000.

RESUMEN

Se utilizaron técnicas de análisis lineal generalizado (GLM) para analizar las tasas de captura de atún rojo procedente de la pesquería de almadrabas del Estrecho de Gibraltar. Se actualizaron las tasas de capturas estandarizadas para el período 1981- 2000.

KEYWORDS

Catch/effort, Least squares method, Abundance, Trap fishing.

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MATERIAL AND METHODS

Data were obtained from the Spanish trap fishery for bluefin tuna in the south of Spain. Information on catches in number of individuals, size composition, effort, and trap characteristics was collected from 1981 to 2000.

A General Linear Modeling (GLM) approach to analysis of variance was used to examine logged catch rates (catch in number of individuals per day of bunt set between consecutive net lifting operations or *matanzas*) for differences among the effects of year, month, and trap.

The general multiplicative model (Gavaris 1980, 1988) used was as follows:

$$\text{Log (CPUE)} = m + Y_i + M_j + C_k + M_i * T_k + e_{ijk}$$

where	Log	: natural logarithm
	m	: intercept
	CPUE	: catch rate
	Y_i	: effect of factor year
	M_j	: effect of factor month
	T_k	: effect of factor trap
	M_j*T_k ...	: interaction term between month and trap
	e_{ijk}	: error term N (0, σ ²)

Annual abundance indices were obtained from marginal means (least squares mean estimates), adjusted for the GLM statistically significant terms.

RESULTS

The final model, class level information and F-test are given in Table 1. Both factors, month and trap, and corresponding interaction were statistically significant at the 1 % level. R² was about 16 %. The distribution of the standardized residuals for the whole model is shown in Figure 1.

Standardized annual indices of abundance are shown in Table 2. Standardized CPUE with 95 % upper and lower confidence limits are shown in Figure 2.

LITERATURE CITED

Gavaris, S. 1980. Use of a multiplicative model to estimate catch rate and effort from commercial data. Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 37; pp 2272- 2275.

Table 1.- GLM results for bluefin tuna catch rates in number of fish from the Spanish traps in the Straits of Gibraltar.

The GLM Procedure														
Class Level Information														
Class	Levels	Values												
year	20	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000								
month	3	4	5	6										
trap	4	1	2	3	4									
Number of observations										1755				
Dependent Variable: lncpuen lncpuen														
Source		DF	Sum of Squares		Mean Square		F Value							
Pr > F														
Model		30	1146.835887		38.227863		10.84							
<.0001														
Error		1724	6081.799613		3.527726									
Corrected Total		1754	7228.635500											
		R-Square	Coeff Var		Root MSE		lncpuen Mean							
		0.158652	68.11650		1.878224		2.757370							
Source		DF	Type I SS		Mean Square		F Value							
Pr > F														
year		19	403.4926088		21.2364531		6.02							
<.0001														
month		2	436.3993362		218.1996681		61.85							
<.0001														
trap		3	224.1209100		74.7069700		21.18							
<.0001														
month*trap		6	82.8230323		13.8038387		3.91							
0.0007														
Source		DF	Type III SS		Mean Square		F Value							
Pr > F														
year		19	445.1000103		23.4263163		6.64							
<.0001														
month		2	400.4228360		200.2114180		56.75							
<.0001														
trap		3	100.2498957		33.4166319		9.47							

<.0001				
month*trap	6	82.8230323	13.8038387	3.91
0.0007				

Table 1.- (cont.)

t	Parameter		Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr >
	Intercept		2.850529574 B	0.31129071	9.16	
<.0001	year	1981	-0.354768227 B	0.46278185	-0.77	
0.4434	year	1982	0.202623727 B	0.27673087	0.73	
0.4641	year	1983	-0.135383207 B	0.29449456	-0.46	
0.6458	year	1984	0.291267732 B	0.32244432	0.90	
0.3665	year	1985	-0.253976325 B	0.27831917	-0.91	
0.3616	year	1986	-0.773441287 B	0.28419512	-2.72	
0.0066	year	1987	-0.609886292 B	0.28429745	-2.15	
0.0321	year	1988	-0.066878840 B	0.26761768	-0.25	
0.8027	year	1989	-0.275535419 B	0.28268854	-0.97	
0.3298	year	1990	-0.160579871 B	0.26608725	-0.60	
0.5463	year	1991	-0.568520411 B	0.27458574	-2.07	
0.0386	year	1992	-0.626945697 B	0.27565645	-2.27	
0.0231	year	1993	-0.786187601 B	0.28357313	-2.77	
0.0056	year	1994	-1.280062014 B	0.28834377	-4.44	
<.0001	year	1995	-0.501441395 B	0.29790696	-1.68	
0.0925	year	1996	-0.756355442 B	0.29586143	-2.56	
0.0107	year	1997	0.419787085 B	0.25547216	1.64	
0.1005	year	1998	0.261556933 B	0.28128855	0.93	
0.3526	year	1999	0.807387678 B	0.26426031	3.06	
0.0023						

	year	2000	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
0.0677	month	4	-0.692269671 B	0.37865093	-1.83	.
0.0107	month	5	0.688779781 B	0.26952616	2.56	.
	month	6	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
	trap	1	-1.369065643 B	0.33513942	-4.09	.
<.0001	trap	2	-0.123922888 B	0.30402898	-0.41	.
0.6836	trap	3	-0.539862211 B	0.32498060	-1.66	.
0.0969	trap	4	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
	month*trap	4 1	1.517951872 B	0.49239321	3.08	.
0.0021	month*trap	4 2	0.067162946 B	0.46692438	0.14	.
0.8856	month*trap	4 3	0.568487013 B	0.47797806	1.19	.
0.2345	month*trap	4 4	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
	month*trap	5 1	0.470918748 B	0.37678297	1.25	.
0.2115	month*trap	5 2	0.445840402 B	0.34368448	1.30	.
0.1947	month*trap	5 3	0.174916546 B	0.36281232	0.48	.
0.6298	month*trap	5 4	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
	month*trap	6 1	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
	month*trap	6 2	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
	month*trap	6 3	0.000000000 B	.	.	.
	month*trap	6 4	0.000000000 B	.	.	.

NOTE: The X'X matrix has been found to be singular, and a generalized inverse was used to solve the normal equations. Terms whose estimates are followed by the letter 'B' are not uniquely estimable.

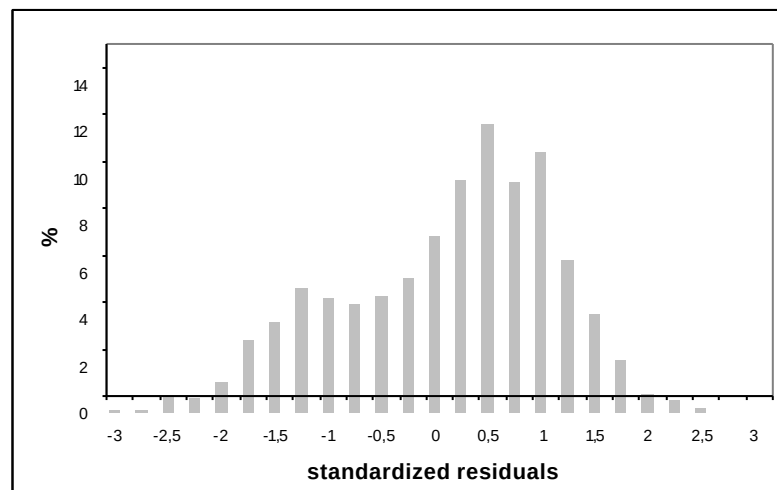


Figure 1 .- Standardized residuals for GLM fit (catch rates in number of fish).

Table 2.- Standardized CPUE series in number of fish for the Spanish Trap fishery in the Straits of Gibraltar.

Year	Least Sqr. Mean	Std. Error	LN CPUE (number)	Lower CI 95%	Upper CI 95%
1981	2,2568	0,4197	2,3449	1,52	3,17
1982	2,8142	0,1972	2,8337	2,45	3,22
1983	2,4762	0,2233	2,5011	2,06	2,94
1984	2,9029	0,2596	2,9366	2,43	3,45
1985	2,3576	0,2004	2,3777	1,98	2,77
1986	1,8382	0,2052	1,8592	1,46	2,26
1987	2,0017	0,2057	2,0229	1,62	2,43
1988	2,5447	0,1834	2,5615	2,20	2,92
1989	2,3361	0,2054	2,3571	1,95	2,76
1990	2,4510	0,1794	2,4671	2,12	2,82
1991	2,0431	0,1915	2,0614	1,69	2,44
1992	1,9846	0,1950	2,0037	1,62	2,39
1993	1,8254	0,2078	1,8470	1,44	2,25
1994	1,3315	0,2152	1,3547	0,93	1,78
1995	2,1102	0,2260	2,1357	1,69	2,58
1996	1,8552	0,2238	1,8803	1,44	2,32
1997	3,0314	0,1647	3,0449	2,72	3,37
1998	2,8732	0,2036	2,8939	2,49	3,29
1999	3,4190	0,1779	3,4348	3,09	3,78
2000	2,6116	0,2008	2,6318	2,24	3,03

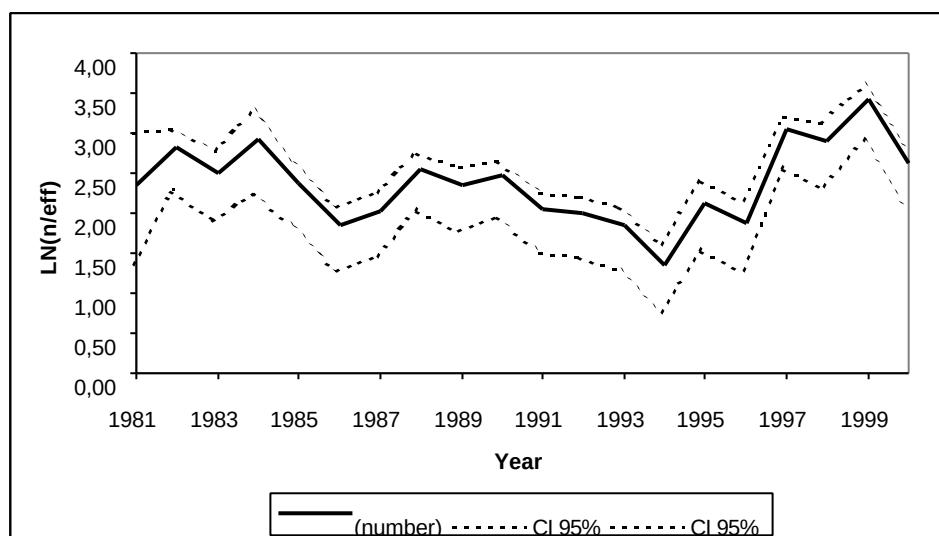


Figure 2 .- Standardized CPUE series in number of fish for the Spanish BFT Trap fishery in the Straits of Gibraltar. Dashed lines indicate 95% confidence bands.